

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED

MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Cypherpunk Holdings Inc. were prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. The most significant of these standards have been set out in the Note 2 of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Any applicable changes in accounting policies have also been disclosed in these financial statements. Management acknowledges responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates and the choice of accounting principles and methods that are appropriate to the Company's circumstances.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring management fulfills its financial reporting responsibilities and for reviewing and approving the financial statements together with other financial information. The Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling this responsibility. The Audit Committee meets with management to review the internal controls over the financial reporting process and the period end financial statements together with other financial information of the Company. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board of Directors for its consideration in approving the financial statements together with other financial information of the Company for issuance to the shareholders.

Management recognizes its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in compliance with established financial standards, and applicable laws and regulations, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct for its activities.

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate control over its financial reporting. Management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting based on "Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Guidance for Smaller Public Companies" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this evaluation, management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as at March 31, 2021.

CONCLUSION RELATING TO DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officers, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in the National Instrument 52-109. Based on that evaluation, the interim Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as at March 31, 2021.

NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the financial statements; they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of financial statements by an entity's auditor.

CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	March 31, 2021			eptember 30, 2020
Assets				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4) Sales tax receivable and prepaid expenses (Note 5) Convertible loan receivable (Note 6) Cryptocurrencies (Note 7)	\$	10,618,511 42,182 151,408 22,169,342	\$	485,379 18,160 - 3,926,801
Investments (Note 8) Other assets (Note 9)	<u> </u>	32,981,443 1,713,613 528,011 35,223,067	\$	4,430,340 2,412,463 12,825 6,855,628
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 10)	\$	237,938	\$	186,114
Shareholders' Equity Capital stock (Note 11) Reserves Accumulated other comprehensive income Retained earnings (deficit)		17,713,503 15,657,130 2,126 1,612,370		8,547,784 12,155,116 2,126 (14,035,512)
	<u> </u>	34,985,129 35,223,067	\$	6,669,514 6,855,628

Nature of Operations and Going Concern (Note 1) Contingent liabilities (Note 15) Subsequent events (Note 18)

SIGNED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

(Signed) "Marc Henderson"
Director

(Signed) "Blaise Yerly"
Director

CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	Three Months Ended March 31			Six Month Marc				
		2021		2020		2021		2020
Income (loss) Interest income Net realized gain (loss) on cryptocurrencies	\$	13,282	\$	8,290	\$	14,775	\$	20,555
(Note 7) Net unrealized gain (loss) on cryptocurrencies		-		-		1,302,751		(627)
(Note 7) Realized gain (loss) on investments (Note 8) Dividend income (Note 8) Unrealized loss on investments (Note 8)		10,402,125 (3,910) 135,014 (36,420)		(255,974) 765 - (366,400)		15,721,370 (3,910) 135,014 (631,930)		(598,583) 765 - (854,096)
	_	10,510,091		(613,319)		16,538,070		(1,431,986)
Expenses General and administrative Consulting fees (Note 14) Professional fees (Note 14) Director fees (Note 14) Rent and administrative services (Note 14) Stock-based compensation (Notes 11 & 12) Foreign exchange loss (gain)	\$	110,207 60,732 8,744 7,500 2,178 26,841 239,991	\$	27,146 57,000 49,126 11,250 25,637 - (217,855) (47,696)	\$	127,207 99,250 21,244 15,000 25,944 26,841 574,702	\$	42,155 110,000 62,303 22,500 52,297 - (172,159) 117,096
Net income (loss) for the year Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	10,053,898	\$	(565,623)	\$	15,647,882	\$	(1,549,082)
Cumulative translation adjustment Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	10,053,898	\$	(2,095) (567,718)	\$	15,647,882	\$	(2,095) (1,551,177)
Net income (loss) per share - basic & diluted Weighted average number of shares outstanding	\$	0.08 121,814,524	\$	(0.01) 90,166,482	\$	0.15 105,447,078	\$	(0.02) 90,166,482

CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	Common Shares	Capital Stock	Reserves	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Total
Balance, October 1, 2019	90,166,482	\$ 8,187,214	\$ 11,656,565	\$ 4,139	\$ (14,414,534)	
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	- (2.225)	(1,549,082)	(1,549,082)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(2,095)	-	(2,095)
Balance, March 31, 2019	90,166,482	8,187,214	11,656,565	2,044	(15,963,616)	3,882,207
Units issued for cash in private placement (Note 11)	10,100,000	505,000	-	-	-	505,000
Share issuance costs (Note 11)	-	(11,766)	-	-	-	(11,766)
Issuance of warrants (Note 13)	-	(132,664)	132,664	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation (Note 12)	-	-	365,887	-	-	365,887
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	1,928,104	1,928,104
Other comprehensive income		-	-	82	-	82
Balance September 30, 2019	100,266,482	8,547,784	12,155,116	2,126	(14,035,512)	6,669,514
Units issued for cash in private placement (Note 11)	49,279,236	12,980,121	-	-	-	12,980,121
Share issuance costs (Note 11)	-	(921,729)	-	-	-	(921,729)
Issuance of warrants (Note 13)	-	(3,286,005)	3,286,005	-	-	-
Issuance of broker warrants (Note 13)	-	(455,542)	455,542	-	-	-
Warrants exercised (Note 13)	4,075,000	407,500	-	-	-	407,500
Fair value of warrants exercised	-	107,168	(107,168)	-	-	-
Options exercised	1,750,000	175,000	-	-	-	175,000
Fair value of options exercised	-	159,206	(159,206)	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation (Note 12)	-	-	26,841	-	-	26,841
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	15,647,882	15,647,882
Balance, March 31, 2021	155,370,718	\$ 17,713,503	\$ 15,657,130	\$ 2,126	\$ 1,612,370	\$ 34,985,129

CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	Three Month March		Six Months Ended March 31			
	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Cash and cash equivalents (used in) provided by:						
Operating activities Net income (loss) for the year	\$ 10,053,898 \$	(565,623)	\$ 15,647,882 \$	(1,549,082)		
Adjustments for: Net unrealized loss (gain) on cryptocurrencies (Note 7) Net realized loss (gain) on cryptocurrencies (Note 7) Unrealized loss on investments (Note 8) Realized loss (gain) on investments (Note 8) Stock-based compensation (Note 12)	(10,402,125) - 36,420 3,910 26,841	255,974 - 366,400 (765)	(15,721,370) (1,302,751) 631,930 3,910 26,841	598,583 627 854,096 (765)		
Income received in cryptocurrencies Expenses paid with cryptocurrencies Other non-cash income Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(144,122) 3,537 (3,824) 227,423	- - - (210,464)	(144,122) 3,537 (3,824) 555,530	- - - (168,408)		
Net change in non-cash working capital items: Sales tax receivable and prepaid expenses Reallocation of other assets Cryptocurrencies sales (Note 7) Cryptocurrencies purchases (Note 7) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(18,039) 2,025 - (3,164,838) 106,581	(14,298) 2,025 - (267,863) 20,038	(24,022) 4,050 1,406,809 (3,164,838) 51,824	(3,978) 4,050 - (530,480) 14,879		
Cash used in operating activities	(3,272,313)	(414,576)	(2,028,614)	(780,478)		
Financing Activities Private placements, net of issue costs (Note 11) Exercise of options and warrants Advance from shareholder (Note 10)	12,058,392 567,500 (150,000)	- - -	12,058,392 582,500 -	: : :		
Cash provided by financing activities	12,475,892	<u> </u>	12,640,892	-		
Investing Activities Purchase of intangible assets (Note 9) Purchase of investments (Note 8) Sale of investments (Note 8)	(519,236) - 40,090	3,865	\$ (519,236) - 40,090	- (445,027) 56,585		
Cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(479,146)	3,865	(479,146)	(388,442)		
Change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the	8,724,433	(410,711)	10,133,132	(1,168,920)		
period	1,894,078	984,465	485,379	1,742,674		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	\$ 10,618,511 \$	573,754	\$ 10,618,511 \$	573,754		

CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	Three Months Ended March 31			Six Months Ended March 31				
		2021		2020		2021		2020
Supplementary cash flow information								
Changes in non-cash activities:								
Cryptocurrency used in the loan granted to NGRAVE (Note 7)	\$		\$	-	\$	(158,763)	\$	-
Issuance of broker warrants (Note 13)	\$	(455,542)	\$	-	\$	(455,542)	\$	-
Purchase of cryptocurrencies with other cryptocurrencies (Note 7)	\$		\$	-	\$	(1,282,431)	\$	208,061
Income received in cryptocurrencies (Note 7)	\$	144,122	\$	-	\$	144,122	\$	
Expenses paid with cryptocurrencies	\$	(3,537)	\$	-	\$	(3,537)	\$	-

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Cypherpunk Holdings Inc. (the "Company" or "Cypherpunk") is a publicly listed company incorporated in Canada under the legislation of the Province of Ontario. The registered office of the Company is located at The Exchange Tower, 130 King Street West, Suite 3680, Toronto, Ontario, Canada M5X 1B1. Since February 4, 2019, the Company's common shares trade on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the trading symbol "HODL".

The Company business plan is focused on investments centred on the thesis that technologies and cryptocurrencies with strong privacy will have strong market demand; consequently, its targeted portfolio is shared between cryptocurrencies and investments in entities which enhance the overall privacy of the internet or enable further decentralization of blockchain networks.

At March 31, 2021, the Company has a working capital of \$32,743,505 (September 30, 2020 - \$4,244,226), and has accumulated earnings of \$1,612,370 (September 30, 2020 - deficit of \$14,035,512). The Company business model is to make investments in cryptocurrencies and blockchain technology which are exposed to risk and uncertainty as they are part of an emerging industry, all of which creates material uncertainty and casts significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's cryptocurrencies may be subject to significant fluctuations in value and are subject to risks unique to the asset class and different from traditional financial assets (Note 16). Additionally, certain assets are held in cryptocurrency exchanges or with custodians that are limited in oversight by regulatory authorities.

On May 31, 2021, the Board of Directors approved the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of Compliance

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* and do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB") and their interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2020 which includes the information necessary or useful to understanding the Company's business and financial statement presentation. In particular, except for the new accounting policy disclosed below, the Company's significant accounting policies are presented as Note 2 in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2020, and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements as at March 31, 2021 and 2020 have been prepared and presented on a going concern basis.

Principles of Consolidation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements include all entities over which the Company has control. For accounting purposes, control is established by an investor when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date control is transferred to the Company, and are no longer consolidated on the date control ceases.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary located in Netherlands, Khan Resources B.V. ("KRBV"). Intercompany balances and any unrealized gains and losses or income and expenses arising from intercompany transactions are eliminated in preparing the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Basis of Measurement

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value and cryptocurrencies which are measured at fair value less cost to sell. In addition, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow disclosure.

Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The functional currency determinations were conducted through an analysis of the consideration factors identified in International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 21. The functional currency of the parent company Cypherpunk Holdings Inc. is the Canadian dollar and the functional currency of the wholly owned subsidiary KRBV is the Euro. The presentation currency for the Company is the Canadian dollar.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective entity or division, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate). Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-measurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at period-end exchange rates are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are not re-translated at period end are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value, which are translated using the exchange rates as at the date when fair value was determined. Gains and losses are recorded in profit or loss.

The results and financial position of entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows: (i) assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the rate of exchange in effect as at the date of the statement of financial position; (ii) income and expense items are translated at the average rates of exchange in effect during the reporting period; and (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired are measured at cost of acquisition on initial recognition which includes the purchase price and related acquisition costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if applicable. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for the intangible assets with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year-end. The IP addresses acquired by the Company from a third party (Note 9) are amortized on a straight line basis over 20 years from the acquisition date.

3. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires the Company's management to make certain estimates and assumptions that they consider reasonable and realistic. Despite regular reviews of these estimates and assumptions, based in particular on past achievements or anticipations, facts and circumstances may lead to changes in these estimates and assumptions which could impact the reported amount of the Company's assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

3. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Significant Judgements

Classification of cryptocurrencies as current assets - The Company has determined to classify its holding of cryptocurrencies as current assets, based on its assessment that they are considered to be commodities, and the availability of liquid markets to which the Company may sell such assets to generate a profit from price fluctuations.

Accounting for cryptocurrencies - The Company applied judgement in the determination that its holding of cryptocurrencies should be accounted for under IAS 2, Inventories, since it meets the definition of a commodity broker-trader. The inventories held by commodity broker-traders are principally acquired for the purpose of selling in the near future and generating a profit from fluctuations in price or broker-traders' margin.

Valuation techniques – The fair value of investments are measured using an income or market approach (Note 16). The determination of the fair value requires significant judgement by the Company. The Company acts in good faith to fair value its investments on the date of purchase and on a quarterly basis thereafter, consistent with fair value accounting guidance in accordance with IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement.

COVID19 impact - Since December 31, 2019, the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, specifically identified as "COVID19", has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, selfimposed quarantine periods and social distancing, have caused material disruption to businesses globally resulting in an economic slowdown. The impact of COVID19 on the Company has been negligible, however, the duration and future impact of the COVID19 outbreak is unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank interventions. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and condition of the Company and its operating subsidiary, or on its ability to raise capital to fund operations, in future periods.

Significant Estimates

Valuation of cryptocurrencies and investments - The Company's cryptocurrencies are traded in active markets and are valued based upon quoted prices at period end as of 24:00 UTC (less any costs to sell) but some of the Company's investments are not actively traded and are valued based upon quoted prices for similar assets or based upon unobservable inputs. These valuations require the Company to make significant estimates and assumptions.

Realized gains and losses from the sale and disposition of cryptocurrencies and investments, whether by conversion to cash or other cryptocurrencies, are recorded as net realized gain (loss) on cryptocurrencies and net realized gain (loss) on investments, respectively. Unrealized gains and losses on cryptocurrencies and investments due to the change in fair market value are recorded as net unrealized gain (loss) on cryptocurrencies and net unrealized gain (loss) on investments, respectively.

Stock-based compensation and valuation of warrants in units offerings - The Company generally utilizes the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair values of the stock-based payments and warrants issued in units offerings. The Company uses significant judgement in the evaluation of the input variables in the Black-Scholes calculation which includes: risk free interest rate, expected stock price volatility, expected life and expected dividend yield.

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

3. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Intangible assets - Intangible assets are capitalized if they are expected to have future economic benefits and are expected to be economically recoverable. Purchased intangibles are valued on acquisition using established methodologies and amortized over their estimated useful economic lives, except in those cases where intangibles are determined to have indefinite lives, where there is no foreseeable limit over which these intangibles would generate net cash flows. The valuations and lives of intangible assets are based on management's best estimates of future performance and periods over which value from intangible assets will be derived. Intangible assets are tested for impairment at each reporting date. Management first reviews qualitative factors in determining if an impairment needs to be recorded. Quantitative factors are then used to calculate the amount of impairment, if needed. The estimates and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty; hence there is a possibility that a change in circumstances will alter these projections, which may impact the recoverable amount of the assets.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The balance consists of funds in cash and banks immediately available for their use in the Company's operations and cashable guaranteed investment certificates ("GIC"). Any cashable GIC pledged as security is presented as restricted cash in the other assets account.

	March 31, 2021	Sep	otember 30, 2020
Cash in banks Funds in trust (a)	\$ 4,463,695 6,154,816	\$	231,629
Guaranteed investment certificates - GIC	-		253,750
	\$ 10,618,511	\$	485,379

⁽a) Corresponds to a portion of the funds from the March 24, 2021 private placement that was transferred to the Company bank account in April 2021.

5. SALES TAX RECEIVABLE AND PREPAID EXPENSES

The balances are comprised as follows:

	March 31, 2021	Se	eptember 30, 2020
Prepaid expenses and advances	14,71	5	11,736
Harmonized sales tax	27,46	7	6,424
	\$ 42,18	 2	18,160

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

6. CONVERTIBLE LOAN RECEIVABLE

On December 29, 2020, the Company granted a convertible loan of 100,000 Euros (\$158,763) to NGRAVE.IO ("NGRAVE"), a third party limited liability company located in Antwerpen, Belgium, for a 12-month period. NGRAVE is a digital asset and blockchain security provider that owns ZERO, a fully offline hardware wallet.

The loan is subject to an annual interest rate on the principal of the loan of 5% and is payable on December 29, 2021; at which time, the loan and accrued interest will be converted into common stock of NGRAVE at a price per share equal to 95% of the price per share paid by the investors in a qualified equity financing. At March 31, 2021, the accrued interest is \$3,822.

The activity of the loan receivable for the period ended March 31, 2021 is as follows:

Balance at September 30, 2019 and 2020	\$ -
Loan extended	158,763
Interest accrued	3,822
Foreign exchange	(11,177)
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$ 151,408

7. CRYPTOCURRENCIES

Cryptocurrencies are digital currencies that are typically part of a decentralized system of recording transactions and issuance of new units and that rely on cryptography to secure its transactions, to control the creation of additional units, and to verify the transfer of assets.

As at March 31, 2021 and September 30, 2020, the balance of cryptocurrencies at cost and at market value is as follows:

	Quantity	Cost (USD) (a)		Cost (a)	N	larket Value
Bitcoin Monero	291.8 1,779.8	\$	4,486,948 397,646	\$ 5,642,337 500,040	\$	21,618,440 550,902
Balance at March 31, 2021		\$	4,884,594	\$ 6,142,377	\$	22,169,342
	Quantity	Co	ost (USD) (a)	Cost (a)	N	larket Value
Bitcoin Ethereum	263.7 278.4	\$	2,286,650 100,202	\$ 3,050,162 133,659	\$	3,793,134 133,667

⁽a) The cost is determined as the historical weighted average cost of the cryptocurrencies acquisitions and disposals of which \$15,721,370 has been recognized as an unrealized gain on cryptocurrencies during the period ended March 31, 2021 (2020 - loss of \$598,583).

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

7. CRYPTOCURRENCIES (Continued)

The continuity of the cryptocurrencies account is as follows:

Balance at October 1, 2019	\$	1,975,762
Cash purchases	•	1,190,717
Purchases with other cryptocurrencies		553,018
Transfers to other cryptocurrencies		(441,277)
Net unrealized gain on cryptocurrencies		657,698
Foreign exchange		(9,117)
Balance at September 30, 2020		3,926,801
Cash purchases		3,164,838
Cash proceeds from sales		(1,406,809)
Realized gain from cash sales (i)		894,141
Cryptocurrencies used in the loan granted to NGRAVE (Note 6)		(158,763)
Income received in cryptocurrencies		144,122
Purchases with other cryptocurrencies (i)		1,282,431
Transfers to other cryptocurrencies (i)		(873,821)
Cryptocurrencies used for transaction fees payment		(3,537)
Unrealized gain on cryptocurrencies		15,721,370
Foreign exchange		(521,431)
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$	22,169,342

⁽i) Cumulative total of these items is \$1,302,151 which is reflected as net realized gain (loss) on the statement of comprehensive income (loss)

The Company's net realized gain on cryptocurrencies of \$1,302,751 (2020 - loss of \$627) is calculated as the proceeds received, utilizing the closing price on www.coinmarketcap.com for crypto-to-crypto transactions, less its assigned average cost as at the transaction date. The Company's net unrealized gain or loss on cryptocurrencies is calculated as the change in fair value of the cryptocurrency from the beginning of the period.

8. INVESTMENTS

The Company's investments in equity instruments are classified as FVTPL and are carried at fair value. The detail is as follows:

	March 31,				September 30		
	Quantity		2021	Quantity		2020	
Sixty Six Capital Inc. (formerly Hydro66 Holdings Corp.) - Shares (a) zkSNACKs Limited - Shares (b) Chia Network Inc SAFE Streetside Development, LLC - Interest	3,642,000 4,500 -	\$	764,820 445,027 377,250	3,842,000 4,500 -	\$	1,440,750 445,027 400,170	
	1,429		126,516	1,429		126,516	
		\$	1,713,613		\$	2,412,463	

⁽a) During the period ended March 31, 2021, the Company sold 200,000 shares of Sixty Six Capital Inc. ("Sixty Six") and recognized a realized loss of \$3,910 in the interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss).

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

8. INVESTMENTS (Continued)

(b) During the period ended March 31, 2021, the Company received 2.7 Bitcoin with a value of \$135,014 as a dividend from zkSNACKs Limited for the fiscal year 2020 which has been recorded in the interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss).

The continuity of the investments account for the period ended March 31, 2021 and year ended September 30, 2020, is as follows:

Balance at October 1, 2019	\$	1,724,502
Purchases	Ψ	445.027
Proceeds from sale		(292,491)
Realized gain on investments		`171,311 [′]
Unrealized gain on investment		361,234
Foreign exchange		2,880
Balance at September 30, 2020		2,412,463
Proceeds from sale		(40,090)
Realized loss on investments		(3,910)
Unrealized loss on investments		(631,930)
Foreign exchange		(22,920)
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$	1,713,613

9. OTHER ASSETS

The balances are comprised as follows:

	March 31, 2021			September 30, 2020		
Intangible assets (a) Non-current prepaid insurance	\$	\$ 519,236 8,775		- 12,825		
	\$	528,011	\$	12,825		

⁽a) Intangible assets of \$519,236 represents the acquisition cost of 16,384 IPv4 addresses purchased by the Company in February 2021 from a third party. The intangible assets will be amortized over its estimated economic useful life of 20 years.

10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

The balances are comprised as follows:

	N	/larch 31, 2021	September 30 2020		
Trade accounts payable	\$	151,017	\$	63,235	
Accrued liabilities		81,145		120,396	
Due to Laramide Resources Ltd. (Note 14)		4,780		2,276	
Due to Treasury Metals Inc. (Note 14)		996		207	
	 \$	237,938	\$	186,114	

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

11. CAPITAL STOCK

a) AUTHORIZED

Unlimited common shares

b) ISSUED

COMMON SHARES	Number of Shares	S	Stated Value	
Balance at September 30, 2019 Units issued for cash in private placement Share issuance costs	90,166,482 10,100,000	\$	8,187,214 505,000 (11,766)	
Issuance of warrants	-		(132,664)	
Balance, at September 30, 2020	100,266,482	\$	8,547,784	
Units issued for cash in private placement	49,279,236		12,980,121	
Share issuance costs	-		(921,729)	
Issuance of warrants	-		(3,286,005)	
Issuance of broker warrants	-		(455,542)	
Warrants exercised	4,075,000		407,500	
Fair value of warrants exercised	-		107,168	
Options exercised	1,750,000		175,000	
Fair value of options exercised	-		159,206	
Balance at March 31, 2020	155,370,718	\$	17,713,503	

On March 24, 2021, the Company closed a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$10,000,000 through the issuance of 29,411,766 units at a price of \$0.34 per unit. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half common share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles his holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.395 for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance. Using the relative fair value method, \$2,443,637 was attributed to the warrants (Note 13). The Company incurred in \$866,386 of issue costs in addition to the issuance of 2,058,824 broker warrants in connection with the private placement.

On January 15, 2021, the Company closed a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$2,980,121 through the issuance of 19,867,470 units at a price of \$0.15 per unit. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half common share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles his holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.25 for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance. Using the relative fair value method, \$842,368 was attributed to the warrants (Note 13). The Company incurred in \$55,344 of issue costs in connection with the private placement.

On August 27, 2020, the Company closed a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$505,000 through the issuance of 10,100,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half common share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles his holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.10 for a period of 24 months from the date of issuance. Using the relative fair value method, \$132,664 was attributed to the warrants (Note 13). The Company incurred in \$11,766 of issue costs in connection with the private placement.

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

12. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company has a stock option plan (the "Plan") in place under which it is authorized to grant options to acquire shares of the Company to directors, officers, consultants and other key employees of the Company. The number of common shares subject to options granted under the Plan is limited to the greater of 5 million or 10% in the aggregate, of the number of issued and outstanding common shares of the Company at the date of the grant of the option. The exercise price of any option granted under the Plan may not be less than the fair market value of the common shares at the time the option is granted, less any permitted discount. Options issued under the Plan may be exercised during a period determined by the board of directors which cannot exceed five years. The plan does not require any vesting period and the board of directors may specify a vesting period on a grant by grant basis.

On December 1, 2020, the Company issued 250,000 options to a consultant to buy common shares at an exercise price of \$0.12 per common share and expiring on August 28, 2025. The stock options vest at issue date. The fair value assigned was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.11, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility based on historical volatility of 203.04%, a risk free interest rate of 0.41%, and an expected life of 5 years. The fair value of the options was estimated at \$26,841 and was recognized in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the period ended March 31, 2021.

On August 28, 2020, the Company issued 3,750,000 options to directors, officers, and consultants to buy common shares at an exercise price of \$0.10 per common share and expiring on August 28, 2025. The stock options vest at issue date. The fair value assigned was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.10, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility based on historical volatility of 201.05%, a risk free interest rate of 0.41%, and an expected life of 5 years. The fair value of the options was estimated at \$365,887 and was recognized in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended September 30, 2020.

The continuity of outstanding and exercisable stock options for the period and year ended March 31, 2021 and September 31, 2020, respectively, is as follows:

	March 31, 2021	Weighted average exercise price	September 30, 2020	Weighted average exercise price
Beginning Balance Issued Cancelled	7,850,000 250,000 -	\$0.10 \$0.12 -	5,900,000 3,750,000 (1,800,000)	\$0.10 \$0.10 \$0.10
Exercised	(1,750,000)	\$0.10	- ′	-
Ending Balance	6,350,000	\$0.10	7,850,000	\$0.10

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

12. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

The detail of outstanding and exercisable options at March 31, 2021 and September 30, 2020 is as follows:

Expiry Date	March 31, 2021	Exercise price	September 30, 2020	Exercise Price
June 1, 2023 June 1, 2023 August 28, 2025 December 1, 2025	2,600,000 900,000 2,600,000 250,000	\$0.10 \$0.07 \$0.10 \$0.12	3,200,000 900,000 3,750,000	\$0.10 \$0.07 \$0.10
	6,350,000		7,850,000	

The weighted average life of the outstanding options is 3.2 years (September 30, 2020 - 3.7 years).

13. WARRANTS

In connection with the private placement completed on March 24, 2021 (Note 11), the Company issued 14,705,883 warrants exercisable within 36 months at a price of \$0.395 per share. The warrants were assigned a fair value of \$2,443,636 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.285, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility, based on historical volatility 152.75%, a risk-free interest rate of 0.49% and an expected life of 3 years.

In connection with the private placement completed on March 24, 2021 (Note 11), the Company issued 2,058,824 broker warrants exercisable within 36 months at a price of \$0.425 per share. The warrants were assigned a fair value of \$455,542 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.285, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility, based on historical volatility 152.75%, a risk-free interest rate of 0.29% and an expected life of 2 years.

In connection with the private placement completed on January 15, 2021 (Note 11), the Company issued 9,933,735 warrants exercisable within 36 months at a price of \$0.25 per share. The warrants were assigned a fair value of \$842,368 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.255, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility, based on historical volatility 149.88%, a risk-free interest rate of 0.49% and an expected life of 3 years.

In connection with the private placement completed on August 27, 2020 (Note 11), the Company issued 5,050,000 warrants exercisable within 24 months at a price of \$0.10 per share. The warrants were assigned a fair value of \$132,664 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.09, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility, based on historical volatility 162.2%, a risk-free interest rate of 0.29% and an expected life of 2 years.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

13. WARRANTS (Continued)

The continuity of outstanding warrants for the period and year ended March 31, 2021 and September 30, 2020, respectively, is as follows:

,	March 31,	Weighted average exercise	September 30,	Weighted average exercise
	2021	price	2020	price
Beginning Balance	5,050,000	\$0.10	-	\$-
Issued	9,933,735	\$0.25	-	\$-
Issued	14,705,883	\$0.395	5,050,000	\$0.10
Issued	2,058,824	\$0.425	-	\$-
Exercised	(4,075,000)	\$0.10	-	\$-
Ending Balance	27,673,442	\$0.33	5,050,000	\$0.10

The detail of outstanding warrants at March 31, 2021 and September 30, 2020 is as follows:

Expiry Date	March 31,	September 30,	Exercise
	2021	2020	Price
August 27, 2022	975,000	5,050,000	\$0.10
January 15, 2024	9,933,735	-	\$0.25
March 24, 2024	14,705,883	-	\$0.395
March 24, 2024	2,058,824	-	\$0.425
	27,673,442	5,050,000	

The weighted average life of the outstanding warrants is 2.86 years (September 30, 2020 - 1.9 years).

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company's related parties include its subsidiary, key management personnel and any entity related to key management personnel that has transactions with the Company. Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly.

During the six-month period ended March 31, 2021 (the "Period"), Laramide Resources Ltd.("Laramide"), a company having a director and officer in common with the Company, charged \$7,200 (2020 - \$45,000) for financial and administrative services, rent and other shared expenditures. In addition, Laramide paid \$14,085 (2020 - \$8,075) of certain expenses on behalf of the Company which were subsequently reimbursed to Laramide. At March 31, 2021, there is \$4,780 (September 30, 2020 - \$2,276) of accounts payable to Laramide (Note 10).

During the Period, Treasury Metals Inc. ("Treasury Metals"), a company having a director and officer in common with the Company, paid \$1,396 (2020 - \$839) of certain expenses on behalf of the Company. At March 31, 2021, there is \$996 (September 30, 2020 - \$207) of accounts payable to Treasury Metals (Note 10).

During the Period, the Company paid \$36,000 (2019 - \$36,000) for consulting services provided by an officer and director of the Company. At March 31, 2021 there is \$20,340 (September 30, 2020 - \$20,340) of accounts payable to this related party.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

During the Period, the Company paid \$21,000 (2020 - \$Nil) for consulting services provided by an officer of the Company. At March 31, 2021 there is \$Nil (September 30, 2020 - \$3,500) of accounts payable to this related party.

During the Period, the Company paid \$36,000 (2020 - \$Nil) for consulting services provided by a director and officer of the Company. At March 31, 2021 there is \$6,000 of accounts payable to this related party (September 30, 2020 - Nil).

During the Period, there is \$65,984 (2020 - \$19,172) charge for legal services by a firm of which an officer of the Company is a partner. At March 31, 2021 there is \$74,562 of accounts payable to this related party (September 30, 2020 - \$4,358).

During the comparative period ended March 31, 2020, there was a \$4,300 charge for consulting services provided by a firm of which a former director and former interim officer of the Company is a tax partner. At September 30, 2020, there was \$Nil of accounts payable to this related party.

Key Management Compensation

Key management includes the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Investment Officer and directors of the Company.

The compensation payable to key management is shown below:

Period ended March 31	20	21	2020
Consulting fees Director fees	•	93,000 \$ 15,000	92,000 22,500
	\$ 1	08,000 \$	114,500

At March 31, 2021, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$15,000 (September 30, 2020 - \$7,500) owed relating to director fees.

15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

a) Netherlands Preliminary Tax Assessment - On February 15, 2017 the Company received an income tax reassessment from the Netherlands tax authority reassessing the Company's subsidiary KRBV for an amount payable of 3.3 million euros (CAD\$5 million). This reassessment was pursuant to management challenging an earlier preliminary assessment for an amount payable by KRBV of 11.4 million euros. The preliminary tax assessment and the reassessment were both issued before KRBV had filed its 2016 tax return and as such are based on incomplete information. The 2016 tax return has since been filed. It is management's opinion that the assessed amount payable of 3.3 million euros (CAD\$5 million) continues to be an over assessment. The Netherlands Tax Authority has again issued a preliminary assessment and the Company has filed a notice of objection to this assessment. Management believes that this issue will be resolved when the Netherlands tax authority has completed a review of all the facts. As a result, no provision has been made for this reassessment in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

16. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS

Capital Management

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the investment in cryptocurrencies and blockchain companies. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The Company considers capital to be its capital stock, warrant, and stock option components of shareholders' equity.

To effectively manage the Company's capital requirements, the management has in place a planning, budgeting and forecasting process to help determine the funds required to ensure the Company has the appropriate liquidity to meet its operating and growth objectives. The Company ensures that there are sufficient working capital and planned future capital raises to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flow from operations and its holding of cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended March 31, 2021.

Safeguarding of Cryptocurrency Assets

The Company retains two third-party custodians (the "Custodians") to safeguard its cryptocurrency assets; Coinbase Custody Trust Company, LLC ("Coinbase") to hold the Company's Bitcoin and Ethereum cryptocurrency assets and Paradiso Ventures Inc. o/a Balance ("Balance") to hold its Monero (XMR) cryptocurrency assets. The Custodians are only responsible for holding and safeguarding the Company's cryptocurrency assets and have not appointed a sub-custodian to hold certain cryptocurrency assets.

Coinbase, located at 200 Park Avenue South, Suite 1208, New York, NY 10003, is regulated by the New York Department of Financial Services (NYDFS) and operates as an independently capitalised entity. Coinbase is a fiduciary under § 100 of the New York Banking Law and is licensed to custody its clients' digital assets in trust on their behalf. As a New York state-chartered trust, Coinbase is held to the same fiduciary standards as national banks and is a qualified custodian for purposes of § 206(4)-2(d)(6) of the Advisers Act, commonly called the custody role.

Cypherpunk is not aware of anything with regards to the Coinbase's operations that would adversely affect the Company's operations and there are no known security breaches or other similar incidents involving the custodian as a result of which the Company's cryptocurrency assets have been lost or stolen.

Coinbase holds 100% of the Company's bitcoin holdings and carries an annually renewed commercial crime policy that carries a \$255M USD limit (per-incident and overall), with Coinbase Global Inc., Coinbase's parent company, as the named insured.

In the event of a bankruptcy or insolvency Cypherpunk will enforce its rights under the Custodial Services Agreement through Arbitration under the laws of the State of New York, and will be in contact with Coinbase's Regulator, the New York State Department of Financial Services, as well as Coinbase's named insurer.

The due diligence Cypherpunk performed on Coinbase included a review of its annual SOC1 audit report pertaining to internal controls over financial reporting, its annual SOC 2 audit report pertaining to controls related to operations and compliance, a review of negative news related to Coinbase and a review of online training and tutorials offered by Coinbase.

Balance, located at 8 Telegram Mews, Unit 637, M5V 3Z5, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, is registered with the Financial Transactions and Reports Analysis Centre of Canada (FINTRAC) as a money service business dealing in virtual currencies with registration number M20210422. Balance is regulated by FINTRAC in Canada.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

16. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (Continued)

Cypherpunk is not aware of anything with regards to the Balance's operations that would adversely affect the Company's operations and there are no known security breaches or other similar incidents involving the custodian as a result of which the Company's cryptocurrency assets have been lost or stolen.

Balance maintains liability protection for up to \$5,000,000 CAD of assets stored in an Offline Digital Asset Cache and at March 31, 2021 held 100% of the Company's Monero (XMR) holdings.

In the event of a bankruptcy or insolvency Cypherpunk will proceed with its legal rights under the Paradiso Ventures Custody Agreement, with Arbitration in the Province of Ontario Canada, as well as contacting Paradiso Ventures designated insurer.

The due diligence performed on Balance include a review of Balance's stated security policies as represented by Balance staff, as well as a review of any negative news pertaining to Balance.

Risk Disclosures

Exposure to credit, interest rate, cryptocurrency and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Company's business.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into, causing the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company limits its credit risk by placing its cash with high credit quality financial institutions and with cryptocurrency exchanges on which the Company has performed internal due diligence procedures. The Company deems these procedures necessary as some exchanges are unregulated and not subject to regulatory oversight. Furthermore, cryptoexchanges engage in the practice of commingling their clients' assets in exchange wallets. When cryptoassets are commingled, transactions are not recorded on the applicable blockchain ledger but are only recorded by the exchange. Therefore, there is risk around the occurrence of transactions or the existence of period end balances represented by exchanges.

As at March 31, 2021, the Company holds \$10,618,511 in cash and cash equivalents at high credit quality financial institutions, \$151,408 in a convertible loan receivable from a third party for which the Company intends to convert the loan into its shares in a financing to be performed in the short-term, and \$22,169,342 in cryptocurrencies at custodians regulated by the New York Department of Financial Services or FINTRAC. The Company's due diligence procedures around exchanges and custodians utilized throughout the period include, but are not limited to, internal control procedures around on-boarding new exchanges or custodians which includes review of the exchanges or custodians anti-money laundering ("AML") and know-your-client ("KYC") policies by the Company's chief investment officer, constant review of market information specifically regarding the exchanges or custodians security and solvency risk, setting balance limits for each exchange account based on risk exposure thresholds and preparing weekly asset management reports to ensure limits are being followed and having a fail-over plan to move cash and cryptocurrencies held on an exchange or with a custodian in instances where risk exposure significantly changes.

There is no significant credit risk with respect of receivables.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company has no exposure to interest rate risk since there are no outstanding debts or other payables subject to interest charges at the end of the reported periods.

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

16. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (Continued) Cryptocurrencies Risk

Cryptocurrencies are measured at fair value less cost to sell. Cryptocurrency prices are affected by various forces including global supply and demand, interest rates, exchanges rates, inflation or deflation and political and economic conditions. Further, cryptocurrencies have no underlying backing or contracts to enforce recovery of invested amounts. The profitability of the Company is related to the current and future market price of cryptocurrencies; in addition, the Company may not be able to liquidate its inventory of cryptocurrencies at its desired price if necessary. Investing in cryptocurrencies is speculative, prices are volatile, and market movements are difficult to predict. Supply and demand for such currencies change rapidly and are affected by a variety of factors, including regulation and general economic trends.

Cryptocurrencies have a limited history, their fair values have historically been volatile and the value of cryptocurrencies held by the Company could decline rapidly. A decline in the market prices of cryptocurrencies could negatively impact the Company's future operations. Historical performance of cryptocurrencies is not indicative of their future performance.

Many cryptocurrency networks are online end-user-to-end-user networks that host a public transaction ledger (blockchain) and the source code that comprises the basis for the cryptographic and algorithmic protocols governing such networks. In many cryptocurrency transactions, the recipient or the buyer must provide its public key, which serves as an address for a digital wallet, to the seller. In the data packets distributed from cryptocurrency software programs to confirm transaction activity, each party to the transaction user must sign transactions with a data code derived from entering the private key into a hashing algorithm, which signature serves as validation that the transaction has been authorized by the owner of the cryptocurrency. This process is vulnerable to hacking and malware, and could lead to theft of the Company's digital wallets and the loss of the Company's cryptocurrency.

Cryptocurrencies are loosely regulated and there is no central marketplace for exchange. Supply is determined by a computer code, not a central bank. Additionally, exchanges may suffer from operational issues, such as delayed execution, that could have an adverse effect on the Company.

The cryptocurrency exchanges on which the Company may trade on are relatively new and, in many cases, largely unregulated, and therefore may be more exposed to fraud and failure than regulated exchanges for other assets. Any financial, security, or operational difficulties experienced by such exchanges may result in an inability of the Company to recover money or cryptocurrencies being held on the exchange. Further, the Company may be unable to recover cryptocurrencies awaiting transmission into or out of the exchange, all of which could adversely affect an investment of the Company. Additionally, to the extent that the digital asset exchanges representing a substantial portion of the volume in digital asset trading are involved in fraud or experience security failures or other operational issues, such digital asset exchanges' failures may result in loss or less favorable prices of cryptocurrencies, or may adversely affect the Company, its operations and its investments.

Furthermore, crypto-exchanges engage in commingling their client's assets in exchange wallets. When crypto-assets are commingled transactions are not recorded on the applicable blockchain ledger but are only recorded by the exchange. Therefore, there is a risk around the occurrence of transactions or existence of period end balances represented by exchanges.

Loss of access risk

The loss of access to the private keys associated with the Company's cryptocurrency holdings may be irreversible and could adversely affect an investment. Cryptocurrencies are controllable only by an individual that posses both the unique public key and private key or keys relating to the "digital wallet" in which the cryptocurrency is held. To the extent a private key is lost, destroyed or otherwise compromised and no backup is accessible the Company may be unable to access the cryptocurrency.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

16. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (Continued)

Irrevocability of transactions

Cryptocurrency transactions are irrevocable and stolen or incorrectly transferred cryptocurrencies may be irretrievable. Once a transaction has been verified and recorded in a block that is added to the blockchain, an incorrect transfer or theft generally will not be reversible, and the Company may not be capable of seeking compensation.

Hard fork and air drop risks

Hard forks may occur for a variety of reasons including, but not limited to, disputes over proposed changes to the protocol, significant security breach, or an unanticipated software flaw in the multiple versions of otherwise compatible software. In the event of a hard fork in a cryptocurrency held by the Company, it is expected that the Company would hold an equivalent amount of the old and new cryptocurrency following the hard fork.

Air drops occur when the promoters of a new cryptocurrency send amounts of the new cryptocurrency to holders of another cryptocurrency that they will be able to claim a certain amount of the new cryptocurrency for free.

The Company may not be able to realize the economic benefit of a hard fork or air drop, either immediately or ever, for various reasons. For instance, the Company may not have any systems in place to monitor or participate in hard forks or airdrops.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The Company's investments are susceptible to other market risk arising from uncertainties about future prices of the instruments. The Company moderates this risk through the various investment strategies within the parameters of the Company's investment guidelines.

As of March 31, 2021, management's estimate of the effect on equity to a +/- 10% change in the market prices of the Company's investments, with all other variables held constant, is \$171,361.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on financial assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily the U.S. dollar and the Euro, the balance of net monetary assets in such currencies as of March 31, 2021 is \$22,798,429 (September 30, 2020 - \$4,725,471). Sensitivity to a plus or minus 10% change in the foreign exchange rates would affect the net comprehensive loss by \$2,279,843.

Liquidity Risk

The Company is exposed to liquidity risk primarily as a result of its trade accounts payable as well as the risk of not being able to liquidate assets at reasonable prices. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at March 31, 2021, the Company had cash and cash equivalents balance of \$10,618,511 (September 30, 2020 - \$485,379) to settle current liabilities of \$237,938 (September 30, 2020 - \$186,114). All of the Company's trade accounts payable have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company classifies its fair value measurements with a fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements as defined in IFRS 13 – Financial Instruments; Fair Value Measurement ("IFRS 13").

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

16. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (Continued)

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity.

March 31, 2021:	Level One	!	Level Two		Level Three
Cash and cash equivalents Convertible loan receivable Cryptocurrencies Investments	\$ 10,618,51 - - 764,82		- - 22,169,342 -	\$	- 151,408 - 948,793
	\$ 11,383,33	31 \$	22,169,342	\$	1,100,201
September 30, 2020:	Level One)	Level Two		Level Three
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Investments	\$ 485,37 - 1,440,75		3,926,801 445,027	\$	- - 526,686
	\$ 1.926.12	29 \$	4.371.828	\$	526.686

There have been no transfers between levels 1, 2 or 3 during the reported periods.

The Company's investments are classified as Level One, Two or Three depending on the inputs utilized to determine the fair value at period or year end.

The investment classified as Level One is the 3,642,000 shares of Sixty Six. The shares have a fair value of \$764,820 at March 31, 2021 (September 30, 2020 - \$1,440,750). The fair value of the shares is determined using the stock price of Sixty Six which is listed under the trading symbol "SIX". On March 31, 2021, the share price was \$0.21 (September 30, 2020 - \$0.38). The Company performed a sensitivity analysis on the fair value of the shares and noted that a 20% decrease in share price would result in a \$152,964 decrease in the fair value of the shares.

The Company's cryptocurrencies are classified as Level Two determined by taking the price from www.coinmarketcap.com as of 24:00 UTC.

The loan classified as a Level Three is the Euros 100,000 convertible loan granted to NGRAVE (\$151,408 including accrued interest), a third party entity that operates in the digital asset and blockchain security business, for which the Company intends to convert the loan into its shares in a financing to be performed in the short-term. Investments classified as Level Three consist of the USD\$337,500 (CAD\$445,027) invested for 4,500 shares of zkSNACKs, USD\$300,000 (CAD\$377,250) invested for a Simple Investment for Future Equity ("SAFE") with Chia Network Inc. ("Chia"), and USD\$100,000 (CAD\$126,516) invested for an interest in Streetside Development. The fair value of the level three assets is determined using the consideration paid for each transaction plus accrued interest, when applicable. The Company performed a sensitivity analysis on the carrying value of the Level 3 assets and noted that a 20% decrease would result in a \$220,040 decrease in their fair value.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

16. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (Continued)

The fair value of Level 3 assets is inherently subjective. Because of the uncertainty of fair value of assets that do not have readily ascertainable market values, management's conclusion of fair value for a financial asset on a date may differ significantly from (1) the fair value conclusions of other knowledgeable market participants and/or (2) prior or subsequently observed transaction prices, including the price paid to acquire, or received to sell, the asset itself.

The following is the activity of Level 3 assets for the period ended March 31, 2021 and year ended September 30, 2020, respectively:

	_	air value October 1, 2020	,	Additions		Foreign exchange Gain	_	air value Iarch 31, 2021
NGRAVE.IO - Convertible loan zkSNACKs Limited - Shares Chia Network Inc SAFE Streetside Development, LLC - Interest	\$	- 445,027 400,170 126,516	\$	162,585 - - -	\$	(11,177) - (22,290) -	\$	151,408 445,027 377,880 126,516
	\$	971,713	\$	162,585	\$	(33,467)	\$	1,100,831
	_	air value October 1, 2019	,	Additions	(Foreign exchange Gain	S	Fair value eptember 30, 2020
zkSNACKs Limited - Shares Chia Network Inc SAFE Streetside Development, LLC - Interest	\$	- 397,290 126,516	\$	445,027 - -	\$	- 2,880 -	\$	445,027 400,170 126,516
	\$	523,806	\$	445,027	\$	2,880	\$	971,713

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are measured at amortized cost which also approximates fair value.

17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one reportable operating segment being investment in cryptocurrencies and blockchain technology.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- On April 13, 2021 the Company purchased 68.2 bitcoins for an aggregate purchase price of approximately CAD\$5 million inclusive of fees and expenses at an average purchase price per bitcoin of USD\$58,092 (CAD\$72,929).
- On April 14, 2021, the appointment of Mr. Douglas Harris as Chief Financial Officer of the Company was announced, replacing Mr. Dennis Gibson in that role, effective on that date. Mr. Harris was granted 1,500,000 options at an exercise price of \$0.30 and expiring on April 9, 2026. The options vest one-third on April 9, 2021, one-third on April 9, 2022 and one-third on April 9, 2023.
- On April 20, 2021, the Company sold its Monero (XMR) holdings for gross proceeds of \$718,836.

CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS) Six Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

- On May 10, 2021, pursuant to the Company's SAFE investment in Chia, the Company received 19,806 shares of Series B Stock of Chia representing 0.09% of the Chia's issued and outstanding common shares on a fully diluted basis.
- On October 27, 2017, Grant Edey, the Company's former CEO and Chairman, began an action in the Superior Court of Ontario, seeking, among other things, compensation for lost salary and bonus, and punitive damages for the manner of his dismissal from the Company. Subsequent to March 31, 2021, the Company and Mr. Edey entered into an agreement whereby all claims arising out of, or in relation to, the action were settled on a confidential basis.